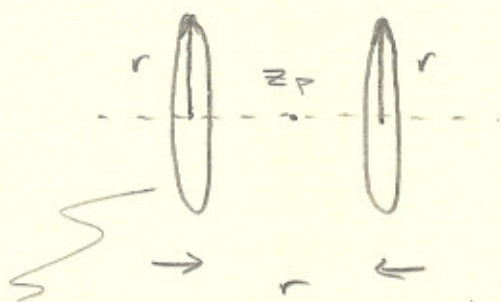


B constant ... then $F_{\text{net}} = 0$

$B \neq \text{constant} \dots$ then $F_{\text{net}} \neq 0$

$$\vec{F} = -\vec{m} \times \frac{d\vec{B}}{dx} \quad (\vec{B}(x_0 + \Delta x) \neq \vec{B}(x))$$

note: Helmholtz configuration



located @ $z_s = -r/2$: $\vec{B}_L = \frac{\mu_0 I r^2}{2(r^2 + (z_p + r/2)^2)^{3/2}}$

\vec{B}_R (located @ $z_s = r/2$) = $\frac{\mu_0 I r^2}{2(r^2 + (z_p - r/2)^2)^{3/2}}$

$\vec{B}_{\text{NET}} = \vec{B}_L + \vec{B}_R$ (

currents in same direction $= \frac{\mu_0 I}{2r} \left[\frac{16}{5\sqrt{5}} - \frac{2304}{625\sqrt{5}} \left(\frac{z_p}{r}\right)^4 + \dots \right]$

currents in different directions $= \frac{\mu_0 I}{2r} \left[\frac{96}{25\sqrt{5}} - \frac{z_p}{r} + \dots \right]$

linear magnetic field.

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